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12.2020

Micro OLED 0.84" - 96x16 dots

Incl. controller SSD1306B



Features

- 0.84" Low-Power OLED (typ. 15mA)
- -40..+80°C (T_{op.})
- 96x16 dots
- Bright white content with unlimited viewing angle
- Incl. controller SSD1306B
- EA W096016-XALW: I2C-Bus Interface
- EA W096016-XBLW: I2C-Bus and SPI Interface (3- and 4-wire)
- Fast response time (10µs) even at -40°C
- Connection by stamp soldering or ZIFF connector

Ordering code

OLED 0.84" - 96x16 dots, white OLED 0.84" - 96x16 dots for ZIFF connection, white

EA W096016-XALW EA W096016-XBLW





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Content

- 1. General Specification
- 2. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram
- 3. Interface Pin Function
- 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings
- 5. Electrical Characteristics
- 6. Optical Characteristics
- 7. OLED Lifetime
- 8. Reliability
- 9. Inspection specification
- 10. Precautions in use of OLED Modules
- 11. Application Example
- 12. Initialization example





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1. General Specification

Item	Dimension	Unit
Dot Matrix	96 x 16 Dots	_
Module dimension	29.1× 9.2 × 1.3	mm
Active Area	21.104×3.504	mm
Pixel Size	0.198 × 0.198	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.220 × 0.220	mm
Display Mode	Passive Matrix	
Display Color	White	
Drive Duty	1/16Duty	
IC	SSD1306BZ	





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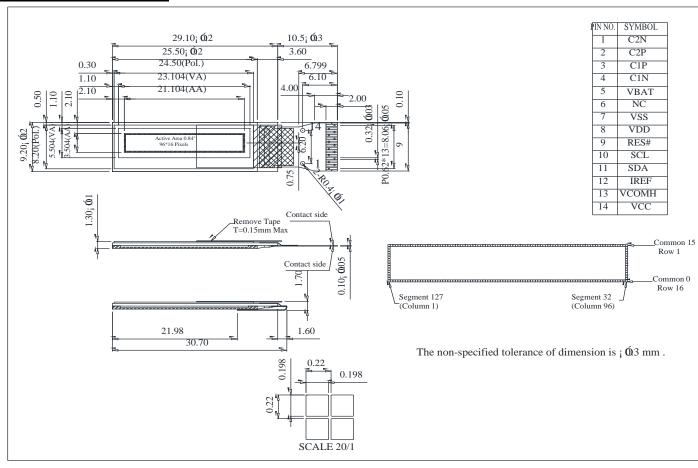
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2. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram

2.1 EA W096016-XALW







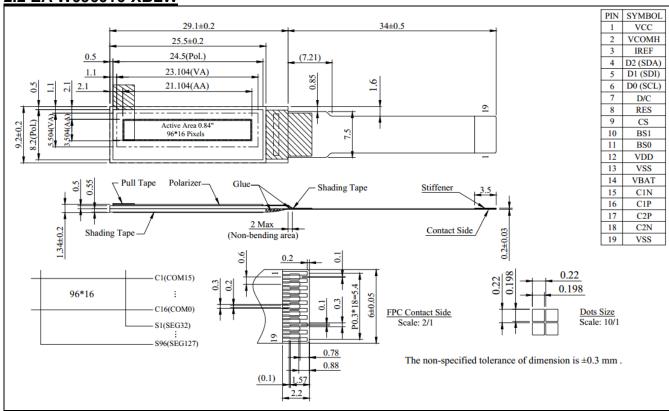
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2.2 EA W096016-XBLW



2.3 FPC Connector - EA W096016-XBLW

Possible suiting FPC connectors for EA W096016-XBLW



JAE FB10S019JT1R6000



Hirose FH35C-19S-0.3SHW(99)





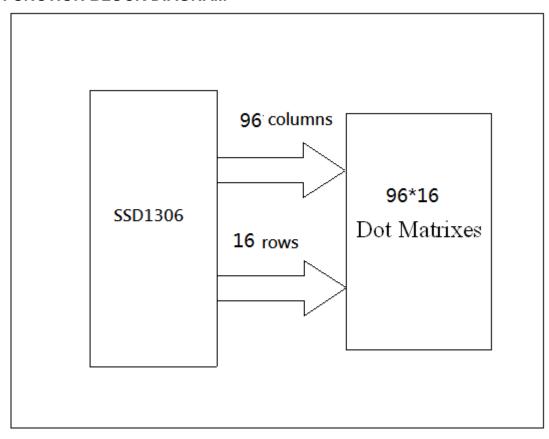
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FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM







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3. Interface Pin Function

3.1 EA W096016-XALW

This version provides a FPC cable for direct soldering to pcb. Soldering process is stamp soldering. Note that there's no connector available.

No.	Symbol	Function					
1	C2N	Desitive Terminal of the China Inverting Conseiter Negative Terminal of the China Deset					
2	C2P	Positive Terminal of the Flying Inverting Capacitorr Negative Terminal of the Flying Boost Capacitor The charge-pump capacitors are required between the terminals. They must be					
3	C1P	loated when the converter is not used.					
4	C1N						
5	VBAT	Power Supply for DC/DC Converter Circuit This is the power supply pin for the internal buffer of the DC/DC voltage converter. It must be connected to external source when the converter is used. It should be connected to VDD when the converter is not used.					
6	NC	No connection					
7	VSS	Ground of Logic Circuit This is a ground pin. It acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be connected to external ground.					
8	VDD	Power Supply for Logic This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.					
9	RES#	Power Reset for Controller and Driver This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip is executed.					
10	SCL	I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in					
11	SDA	application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL.					
12	IREF	Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than 12.5µA.					
13	VCOMH	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.					
14	VCC	Power Supply for OEL Panel This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. A stabilization capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS when the converter is used. It must be connected to external source when the converter is not used.					





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3.2 EA W096016-XBLW

This version provides a FPC cable for 0.3mm ZIFF connection.

No.	Symbol	Function
		Power Supply for OLED Panel
1	VCC	This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin.
		When charge pump is enabled, a capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
2	VCOMH	The pin for COM signal deselected voltage level.
_	1001111	A capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
		Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment
3	IREF	This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and
4	DO/CDA)	VSS. Set the current lower than 30uA.
<u>4</u> 5	D2(SDA)	When serial mode is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SDIN and D0 will be the serial
6	D1(SDI) D0(SCL)	clock input SCLK. When I2C mode is selected, D2 & D1 should be tired together and serve as SDAout & SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input SCL.
0	DU(SCL)	This is Data/Command control pin.
7	D/C	In I2C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection.
'	D/C	When 3-wire serial interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS.
		Power Reset for Controller and Driver
8	RES	This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip is executed.
9	CS	This pin is the chip select input. (active LOW).
10	BS1	Communicating Protocol Select
10	D31	These pins are MCU interface selection input. See the following table:
		BSO BS1
		12C 0 1
11	BS0	3-wire SPI 1 0
		4-wire SPI 0 0
12	VDD	Power supply pin for core logic operation.
13	VSS	This is a ground pin.
		Power Supply for DC/DC Converter Circuit
14	VBAT	This is the power supply pin for the internal buffer of the DC/DC voltage converter. It must be
14	VDAI	connected to external source when the converter is used. It should be connected to VDD when
		the converter is not used.
15	C1N	
16	C1P	C1P/C1N – Pin for charge pump capacitor; Connect to each other with a capacitor.
17	C2P	C2P/C2N – Pin for charge pump capacitor; Connect to each other with a capacitor.
18	C2N	
10	Vec	Ground of Logic Circuit
19	VSS	This is a ground pin. It acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be connected to external
		ground.





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4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	0	4	V	1,2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	0	16	V	1,2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+80	°C	_
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+80	°C	

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6."Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.





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5. Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	_	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display (Supplied Externally)	VCC	_	7.0	7.5	7.8	V
Charge Pump Regulator Supply Voltage	VBAT	_	3.3	_	4.2	V
Charge Pump Output Voltage for Display (Generated by Internal DC/DC)	Charge Pump VCC	_	7.0	7.5	7.8	V
Input High Volt.	VIH	_	0.8×VDD	_	VDD	V
Input Low Volt.	VIL	_	0	_	0.2×VDD	V
Output High Volt.	VOH	_	0.9×VDD	_	VDD	V
Output Low Volt.	VOL	_	0	_	0.1×VDD	V
50% chessboard pattern operating current (VCC Supplied Externally)	ICC	_	_	7	15	mA
50% chessboard pattern operating current (VCC Generated by Internal DC/DC)	IBAT	_	10	15	25	mA





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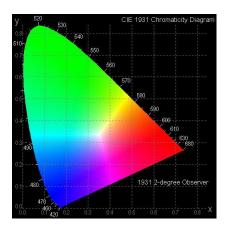
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6. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Viena Areala	(V)θ		160			deg
View Angle	(Η)φ		160			deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1		_	_
Decrease Time	T rise	_		10		μs
Response Time	T fall	_		10		μs
Display with 100% Full S	Screen Brightnes	s (White)	100	120		cd/m ²
Display with 100% Full S	Creen Brightnes	s (Blue)	120	150		cd/m ²
Display with 100% Full S	Creen Brightnes	s (Yellow)	120	150		cd/m ²
CIEx (White)		(CIE1931)	0.26	0.28	0.30	
CIEy (White)		(CIE1931)	0.30	0.32	0.34	
CIEx (Blue)	(CIE1931)	0.12	0.16	0.20		
CIEy (Blue)	(CIE1931)	0.22	0.26	0.30		
CIEx (Yellow)	(CIE1931)	0.45	0.47	0.49		
CIEx (Yellow)	CIEx (Yellow)			0.50	0.52	







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7. OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25℃ / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value White color	20,000 Hrs	_	Note
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value Blue color	20,000 Hrs	I	Note
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value Yellow color	50,000 Hrs	I	Note

Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.





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8. Reliability

Content of Reliability Test

Environmental Test			
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80°C 240hrs	
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80°C 240hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60°Հ,90%RH 240hrs	
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -40°C 25°C 80°C 30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-40°C/80°C 100 cycles	
Mechanical Test			
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	10~22Hz→1.5mmp-p 22~500Hz→1.5G Total 0.5hr	
Shock test	Constructional and mechanical endurance test applying the shock during transportation.	50G Half sin wave 11 ms 3 times of each direction	
Atmospheric pressure test	Endurance test applying the atmospheric pressure during transportation by air.	115mbar 40hrs	
Others			
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal.	VS=±600V(contact), ±800v(air), RS=330Ω CS=150pF 10 times	_

^{***} Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25°C





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Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

Evaluation criteria

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

APPENDIX:

RESIDUE IMAGE

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.





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9. Inspection specification

NO	Item	Criterion			AQL	
01 02	Electrical Testing	 1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 OLED viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect. 2.1 White and black spots on display ≤0.25mm, no more than 				
	white spots on OLED (display only)	three white or black spots present. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm.				
03	OLED black spots, white spots, contaminatio n (non-display	3.1 Round type : As following drawing $\Phi=(x+y)/2$ $X \leftarrow Y$ Y	SIZE $\Phi \le 0.7$ $0.10 < \Phi \le 0.2$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.2$ $0.25 < \Phi \le 0.2$	dense 2 20 1	2.5	
		3.2 Line type : (As follows) Length $L \leq 3.0$ $L \leq 2.5$	Width W ≤ 0.02 0.02 < W ≤	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense	2.5	
04	Polarizer bubbles		Size Φ $\Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.50 < \Phi \le $		2.5	





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			T					1
			Total Q TY		3			
	If bubbles are judge using be check in spec	lack spot sp		, not e	easy to find, m	ust		





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NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contamination	
		Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length:	
		6.1 General glass chip: 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels:	
06	Chipped		2.5
00	glass	1/2t < z ≤ 2t Not exceed 1/3k x ≤ 1/8a	
		In the state of the stat	
		1/2t < z ≤ 2t Not exceed 1/3k x ≤ 1/8a	
		⊙ If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.	





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NO	Item	Criterion	AQL			
		Symbols: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length 6.2 Protrusion over terminal: 6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad:				
		y: Chip widthx: Chip lengthz: Chip thickness $y \le 0.5 \text{mm}$ $x \le 1/8 \text{a}$ $0 < z \le t$				
		$y \le 0.5$ mm $x \le 1/8$ a $0 < z \le t$ 6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:				
06	Glass crack	y Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	2.5			
		y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip				
		$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline & & thickness \\ \hline y \le L & x \le 1/8a & 0 < z \le t \\ \hline \end{array} $				
		 If the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal specifications. 				
		 If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment mark not be damaged. Substrate protuberance and internal crack. 				
		x .				
		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
		у				





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NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	
08	Backlight elements	 8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong. 	
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	
10	PCB、COB	 10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination. 10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places. 10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals. 10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down. 	2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5
11	Soldering	 11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB. 	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65





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NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
12	General appearance	 12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product. 12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever. 12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color. 12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened. 12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. 12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins. 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet. 12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet. 	2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 0.65





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Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Fixel C Light Fixel





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10. Precautions in use of OLED Modules

Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2)Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.
- (3)Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4)Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5)Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8)It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use fix information for long time in real application.
- (9)Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time, that will extend "screen burn" effect time..
- (10)ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (11) ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY have the right to modify the version.)

10.1. Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
 - * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.

Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- * Water
- * Ketone
- * Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the





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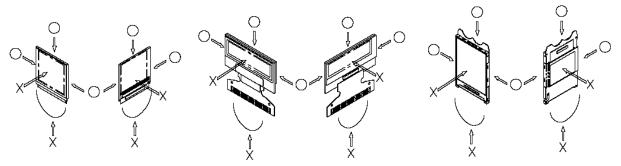
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System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts.

These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- (7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.
- (9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
- * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
- * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- (11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

10.2. Storage Precautions

(1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. and, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments.

(We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY.

At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.

(2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under





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high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

10.3. Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- (7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
- * Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.

10.4. Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

10.5. Other Precautions

- (1) When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern may remain as an after image or slight contrast deviation may occur.
- Nonetheless, if the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored. Also, there will be no problem in the reliability of the module.
- (2) To protect OLED display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
- * Pins and electrodes
- * Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC
- (3) With this OLED display module, the OLED driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
- * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
- * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
- (4) Although this OLED display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.



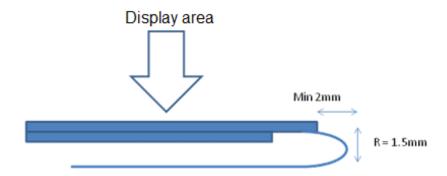


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- (5) We recommend you to construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
- (6)Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.
- (7)Our company will has the right to upgrade and modify the product function.
- (8) The limitation of FPC bending







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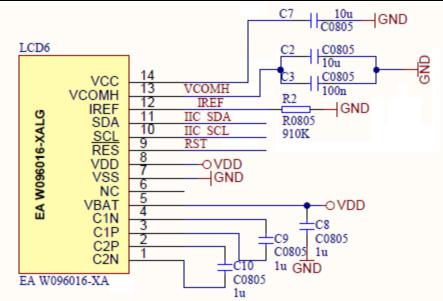
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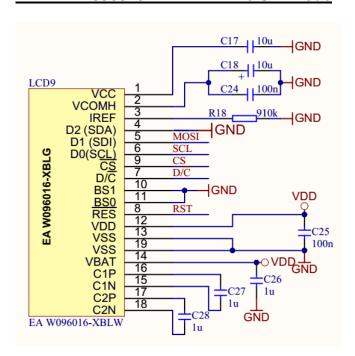
http://www.lcd-module.com

11. Application example

11.1 EA W096016-XALW: I2C mode (0x3C 7-Bit address / 0x78 8-Bit address)



11.2 EA W096016-XBLW: 4-Wire SPI mode







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12. Initialization example

```
Global variables and defines
#define I2CADDRESS 0x3c
uint8_t buf[2];
                       //I2C buffer
uint8_t buffer[193];
                       //data buffer
/**********************************
Function name: sendcommand
Description: Sends a command byte via I2C
void sendcommand(uint8_t byte){
   uint16_t adr = I2CADDRESS;
                              //I2C address 0x3C
   uint8_t i = 0;
     waitforemptybuffer();
                              //waits until I2C output buffer is empty
     //control byte //initialization byte
   buf[i++] = 0x00; buf[i++] = byte;
                                 //send buffer via I2C
   R_RIICO_Master_Send(adr,buf,2);
}
/*****************************
Function name: initW096016
Description: Initialization of the display
void initW096016(void){
   PORT5.PODR.BIT.B4 = 0;
                              //D/C# pin low
   PORT5.PODR.BIT.B5 = 0;
                               //reset pin low
   ms delay(100);
                           //100ms delay
   PORT5.PODR.BIT.B5 = 1;
                               //reset pin high
   ms delay(100);
                           //100ms delay
   sendcommand(0xA8);
                           //set multiplex ratio...
   sendcommand(0x0F);
                           //...to 16-1
   sendcommand(0x8D);
                           //charge pump setting...
   sendcommand(0x14);
                           //...Enable charge pump
   sendcommand(0xDA);
                           //set COM pins hardware configuration...
   sendcommand(0x02);
                          //...to sequential COM pin configuration
   sendcommand(0xAF);
                           //set display on
   sendcommand(0xC8);
                           //set COM output direction (remap)
    sendcommand(0xA1);
                           //set segment remap (col. 127 to SEG0)
```





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```
/************************
Function name: initWindow
Description: Initialization of the window in horizontal addressing mode
************************
void initWindow(uint8 t startcol, uint8 t stopcol, uint8 t startpage, uint8 t stoppage){
     sendcommand(0x20);
                            //set memory addressing mode ...
                            //... to horizontal addressing mode
     sendcommand(0x00);
     sendcommand(0x21);
                            //set column address
     sendcommand(startcol);
                            //start column
     sendcommand(stopcol);
                            //stop column
     sendcommand(0x22);
                            //set page address
     sendcommand(4+startpage);
                            //start page
     sendcommand(4+stoppage);
                            //stop page
}
/*****************************
Function name: sendDataW096016
Description: Sends data to the display (Initialization of the window before sending data to
the display -> initWindow()
void sendDataW096016(const uint8 t *tx buf, uint16 t tx num){
   uint16 t adr = I2CADDRESS;//I2C address 0x3C
   uint16_t i;
   buffer[0] = 0x40;
                    //control byte (send data)
     for(i=0;i<tx_num;i++){</pre>
       buffer[i+1] = tx_buf[i];
   }
     waitforemptybuffer();
   R RIICO Master Send(adr,buffer,tx num+1); //send data via I2C
}
```